Appl. No. 10/660,023 Amdt. dated Feb. 22, 2005

Reply to Office action of Nov. 19, 2004

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) An inverter apparatus for driving a plurality of lamp units, each lamp unit including at least one lamp, the apparatus comprising:

a plurality of inverters, each inverter including a delay block delaying an input ON/OFF signal to generate an output ON/OFF signal and an inverting block controlling the lighting of the corresponding lamp unit based on the output ON/OFF signal,

wherein the plurality of inverters comprise a first inverter receiving the input ON/OFF signal from an external device and a second inverter receiving the input ON/OFF signal from one of the plurality of inverters.

- 2. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the inverters are connected in series.
- 3. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the first inverter is located at an outer side.
 - 4. (Original) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the delay block comprises:
 - a capacitor;
- a first switch controlled by the input ON/OFF signal and providing a charging path for the capacitor upon activation;
- a resistor connected to the capacitor and providing a discharging path for the capacitor; and
- a second switch controlled by a voltage charged in the capacitor, providing a first voltage as the output ON/OFF signal upon inactivation, and providing a second voltage as the output ON/OFF signal upon activation.
- 5. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the first switch outputs the first voltage as the charging path upon activation.
- 6. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the resistor provides the second voltage as the discharging path.

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- 7. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein a resistance of the resistor is determined such that time constant for the charging path is different from time constant for the discharging path.
- 8. (Original) The apparatus of claim 7, wherein the time constant for the charging path is smaller than the time constant for the discharging path.
- 9. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the second switch is activated when the voltage charged in the capacitor is larger than a predetermined value and is inactivated when the voltage charged in the capacitor is smaller than the predetermined value, and the first voltage is larger than the second voltage.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus of claim 9, wherein a resistance of the resistor is determined such that a charging time of the capacitor is smaller than a discharging time for the capacitor.
 - 11. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the second voltage is a ground voltage.
- 12. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the first switch comprises a pnp transistor and the second switch comprises an npn transistor.
- 13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the first voltage has substantially the same value as a high level of the input ON/OFF signal of the first inverter and the second voltage has substantially the same value as a low level of the input ON/OFF signal of the first inverter.
 - 14. (Canceled)
- 15. (Currently Amended) An inverter apparatus for driving a plurality of lamp units including first and second lamp units, each lamp unit including at least one lamp, the apparatus comprising:
- a delay block receiving an input ON/OFF signal and stepwise delaying the input ON/OFF signal to generate a plurality of output ON/OFF signals; and
- a plurality of inverters controlling the lighting of the respective lamp units based on the respective output ON/OFF signals The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the delay block comprises a plurality of RC circuits connected in series and one of the RC circuits receives the input ON/OFF signal.
 - 16. (Canceled)
 - 17. (Currently Amended) A liquid crystal display comprising:

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a panel assembly including a plurality of pixels, a plurality of gate lines connected to the pixels, and a plurality of data lines connected to the pixels;

a plurality of lamp units for illuminating the panel assembly;

a gate driver for providing signals for the gate lines;

a data driver for providing signals for the data lines;

a controller for providing image signals for the data driver and control signals for the gate driver and the data driver and generating an ON/OFF signal for driving the lamp units;

a delay block delaying the ON/OFF signal from the controller; and

an inverting block controlling the lighting of one of the lamp units based on the delayed ON/OFF signal The liquid crystal display of claim 16, wherein the delay block comprises:

- a capacitor;
- a first transistor controlled by the ON/OFF signal and providing a charging path for the capacitor upon activation;
- a resistor connected to the capacitor and providing a discharging path for the capacitor; and
- a second transistor controlled by a voltage charged in the capacitor, providing a first voltage as the delayed ON/OFF signal upon inactivation, and providing a second voltage as the delayed ON/OFF signal upon activation.
- 18. (Original) The liquid crystal display of claim 17, wherein a resistance of the resistor is determined such that time constant for the charging path is different from time constant for the discharging path.
- 19. (Original) The liquid crystal display of claim 17, wherein the second transistor is activated when the voltage charged in the capacitor is larger than a predetermined value and is inactivated when the voltage charged in the capacitor is smaller than the predetermined value, the first voltage is larger than the second voltage, and a resistance of the resistor is determined such that a charging time of the capacitor is smaller than a discharging time for the capacitor.
 - 20. (Canceled)